

In the Claims:

1. (Cancelled).
2. (Currently Amended). The compound of claim + 33, wherein A is an aromatic heteromonocyclic systems comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms, where one of the 2 heteroatoms is nitrogen.
3. (Currently Amended). The compound of claim + 33, wherein A is selected from the group consisting of pyrimidine, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrazine, thiazole, imidazole, thiophene and furan.
4. (Cancelled).
5. (Cancelled).
6. (Cancelled).
7. (Cancelled).
8. (Cancelled).
9. (Cancelled).
10. (Currently Amended). A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in claim + 33 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
11. (Cancelled).
12. (Cancelled).
13. (Cancelled).
14. (Cancelled).
15. (Cancelled).
16. (Cancelled).

17. (Cancelled).

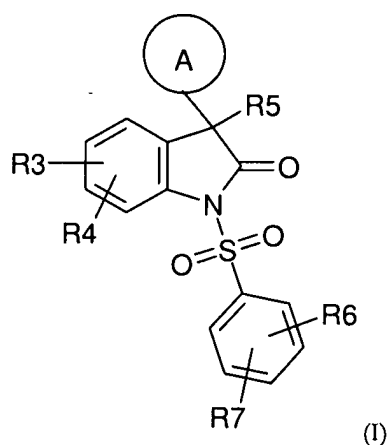
18. (Cancelled).

19.-31 (Cancelled).

32. (Currently Amended). The compound of claim + 33, wherein Z is E, wherein E is a saturated monocyclic ring having a maximum of 8 carbons.

32. (Cancelled).

33. (Previously Presented). A compound of the formula (I)



in which

A is an aromatic heteromonocyclic ring,

where the heterocycles are 5- or 6-membered rings and comprise up to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, where not more than one of the heteroatoms is an oxygen or sulfur atom,

and A may be substituted by radicals R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and/or R<sup>13</sup>,

where

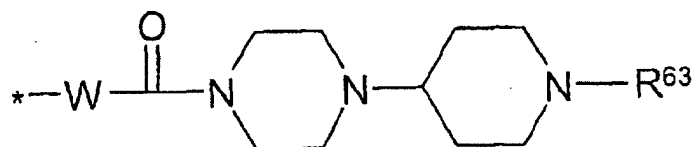
R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-

alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, or

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are connected to give -CH=CH-CH=CH-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-,

R<sup>5</sup> is



W is selected from the group consisting of NR<sup>54</sup>, NR<sup>54</sup>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen) and a bond,

R<sup>54</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, phenyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals R<sup>59</sup>,

R<sup>59</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>63</sup> is independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl atoms, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

and their tautomeric forms, enantiomeric and diastereomeric forms thereof.